

# **EDITORIAL: INDIAN EXPRESS**

# **GENERAL STUDIES 2:** GOVERNANCE **TOPIC:** CITIZENSHIP

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# Dual citizenship is an idea whose time has come

#### **1.** Context and Significance

- India's increasing global migration and large diaspora have reignited the debate on granting true dual citizenship.
- The current **Overseas Citizenship of India** (**OCI**) status does not meet the expectations or legal standing of full citizenship.
- This debate gains renewed relevance as India approaches the 25th anniversary of the High-Level Committee on the Indian Diaspora's report.

#### 2. India's Role in Global Migration

- Over the last 50 years, India has played a central role in global migration trends.
- India's diaspora is the largest in the world, with over 3.5 crore Indians living abroad.
- India is the top recipient of remittances globally, receiving nearly \$130 billion annually, which helps manage its trade and current account deficits.
- Migration patterns have shifted: while earlier dominated by Gulf workers, most remittances now come from developed countries.

#### 3. Impact on Foreign Policy

- The increasing mobility of Indians has reshaped India's foreign policy priorities.
- The government now aims to **facilitate overseas employment** and recognizes the diaspora as a **strategic asset**.
- The External Affairs Minister has stated that "the world is becoming the workplace of Indian youth", highlighting India's proactive diaspora engagement.
- Despite this, the **citizenship rights of Indians abroad** remain a major concern, especially for those forced to give up Indian citizenship.

#### 4. The Debate on Dual Citizenship

• India introduced **OCI status in 2005** to maintain connections with the diaspora, but it does **not grant true dual citizenship**.

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- The **High-Level Committee** (2000) had recommended **full dual citizenship**, citing **no constitutional barriers** to implementing it.
- The report argued that security concerns could be managed without denying rights, aligning with global migration policy trends.
- Rising **restrictions in host countries** on non-citizens make the issue of Indian dual citizenship even more urgent.
- Many Indians are **reluctantly renouncing their Indian citizenship** to access rights abroad.

## 5. Limitations of the OCI Status

- OCI status grants some benefits but lacks voting rights, public office eligibility, and ownership of agricultural land.
- It is treated as a **privilege**, not a right, and can be **arbitrarily revoked** for political reasons.
- OCI holders are often treated as **foreign nationals** in professional, legal, and academic contexts.
- Many feel they are second-class citizens, leading to dissatisfaction and a growing demand for genuine dual citizenship.
- 6. Recommendations for Implementing Dual Citizenship
  - **Retain Indian Citizenship Upon Acquiring Foreign Passport:** 
    - Currently, acquiring foreign nationality requires renouncing Indian citizenship.
    - This can be reversed to allow retention unless voluntarily relinquished—an approach used by countries like USA and UK.
  - Balance Political Rights and National Security:
    - Voting rights can be confined to those physically returning to vote or via remote voting mechanisms.
    - Restrictions on high public office can remain, but local-level political participation can be permitted.
    - This ensures engagement without compromising sensitive posts.
  - Ensure Fair and Equal Treatment:
    - Dual citizens should enjoy all **civil and legal rights** unless barred due to **specific**, **justified national security concerns**.
    - A **transparent policy** can define roles accessible to dual citizens and those requiring sole allegiance.

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#### 7. Addressing Security Concerns

- Security is often cited as a concern, but these fears are **outdated or exaggerated**.
- The older concern of distinguishing Indian and Pakistani citizens is less relevant today.
- India can selectively allow dual citizenship with **democratically stable countries**.
- Individual security vetting should replace **blanket restrictions**, ensuring only genuine risks are flagged.

## 8. Emotional and Practical Need fo<mark>r Dual Citizenship</mark>

- Many Indians abroad maintain **emotional and cultural ties** with India, even if they take up foreign citizenship for practical needs.
- Forcing people to **choose between identity and opportunity** leads to alienation.
- Genuine dual citizenship will allow Indians to retain their heritage while contributing fully in their host countries.
- An engaged diaspora will bring **knowledge**, **investment**, **innovation**, and **influence** back to India.

# 9. Conclusion and Way Forward

- As demographic and economic shifts continue, migration from India will only increase.
- India must shift from symbolic gestures like OCI to meaningful policy changes by embracing true dual citizenship.
- This move will offer practical benefits, strengthen the diaspora's bond with India, and reflect global identity trends.
- Allowing Indians to **retain their citizenship alongside foreign affiliations** will amplify India's **global influence and economic reach** in the 21st century.

Source: <u>https://indianexpress.com/article/opinion/columns/dual-citizenship-is-an-idea-whose-time-has-come-9919295/</u>